

THE EUREKA SPRINGS TIMES.

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Eureka Springs, Arkansas, Thursday, Jan. 7, 1908

One Dollar Per Year

CHAS. D. GREAVES COUNTED OUT

High-Handed Methods Used to Defeat a Man Who Was Honestly Elected

"Whom the gods destroy, they first make mad," is an oft quoted and well proved maxim that is being forcibly and undeniably illustrated in the election case of Chas. D. Greaves, of Hot Springs, who, in the September election was clearly elected by a good majority of the electors to the office of State senator.

The Democratic ring had other plans however, and his opponent, Judge Sumpter, was counted in by throwing out three whole townships. A long legal battle and Greaves won, but is now being deprived of his well earned victory by the arbitrary methods of Gov. Pindall and O. C. Ludwig.

The following from the Arkansas Gazette shows how decent Democratic papers view the outrage:

"Gov. Pindall was amused at the proceedings."

This paragraph appeared in Little Rock papers a few days ago in reports of the proceedings which attended the efforts of C. D. Greaves to compel O. C. Ludwig to place his name on the roll as senator from the Thirty-first district, a position to which he was elected on the 14th of last September.

At the September election, Greaves was the choice of the people of his district by a decided majority, but a corrupt board of commissioners robbed him of the fruits of his victory by

arbitrarily throwing out the returns from three townships in which he had outrun his opponent in a ratio of two to one. The courts to which he appealed for redress, directed the board to make return to the secretary of state of the votes as they were actually cast. Learned counsel had urged the justice of his cause, but the governor and secretary of state, after a consultation, decided that the case was one in which a law of their own should apply, and gave their decision to the man whom the people had defeated at the polls. Then the governor smiled!

That was a scene at the recollection of which every honorable man in the state should blush. Robbery of a citizen of the rights guaranteed him by the constitution of his country, thwarting of the expressed will of the people, contempt of the laws of the state—the laws which the governor and the secretary of the state had sworn to obey—defiance of the courts, and the governor derisively grinning in the face of the victim when the infamous outrage had been consummated.

Pindall and Ludwig are prospective candidates for congress in the near future. Will their conduct in this travesty upon justice be endorsed by the people of their respective districts? We do not believe they will.—Gazette.

Bank Deposits In Arkansas and Oklahoma

In a communication to the Little Rock Gazette, Tom P. Fulton, who lives at Cove, Polk county, goes after a correspondent to the Siloam Springs Republican, who claimed much Arkansas money was deposited in Oklahoma banks on account of the guarantee law in that state, in the following sensible article:

The truth of the matter is there is \$10,000 of Oklahoma money in the banks of western Arkansas, where there is \$1 of Arkansas money invested in Oklahoma. Take the banks along the western border of Arkansas, say from Gravette, in Benton county, to Cove in Polk county, a distance of 188 miles, and a large percent of their deposits come from eastern Oklahoma; while, on the other hand, there are three small banks along the eastern borders of Oklahoma, one at Westville, one at Stillwell and one at Spiro, and beginning with Westville, I venture the assertion that there is \$1,000 of Oklahoma money deposited in the banks of Siloam Springs and Fayetteville, where there is \$1 of Arkansas money deposited in the bank of Westville. Skipping Stillwell, we come to Spiro, 16 miles from Fort Smith, and we venture another assertion that there is \$10,000 of Oklahoma money in the banks of Fort Smith, where there is \$1 of Arkansas money in the banks of Spiro. Coming then to Mena and Cove, and the banks of these towns get all the money that is put on deposit for 35 and 40 miles into Oklahoma. In fact, if there were half a dozen banks in every town on the eastern border of Oklahoma, the Arkansas money-maker would go 20 miles out of his way to deposit his wealth in a bank in his own state. As a rule the man who has money to deposit in banks, and who does all his business through banks, is an intelligent man, and he knows that, educed to its simplest business proposition, the whole banking system is a matter of confidence. If he has confidence in a bank and its officials, he

will deposit his money with them, and he would feel much safer with it in their hands as a single corporation than if the bank stood good for its share of the losses of all the other banks in the state.

The intelligent Arkansas depositor is satisfied with the present system of banking in this state, and, to use a slang phrase, he is a "little bit leary" about trying a system which is simply passing through the experimental stage in a state so young that it is not yet "dry behind the ears." He knows that there are fewer bank failures in Arkansas, fewer bank robberies and fewer bankers in the state penitentiary at Little Rock than any other state of its population in the United States, and he is satisfied under present conditions.

One of the strongest arguments in favor of the guarantee of bank deposits is that it will bring to the bank millions of dollars of hoarded money, and this is the greatest fallacy of the proposition. A rule the man who hoards his wealth is ignorant, and wouldn't trust a bank with his money if God Almighty would come down from heaven and guarantee that it would be safe. In fact if he should be asked to explain what the guarantee of bank deposits meant, he would very likely be like the witness in a certain case that was tried in Kansas City the other day. When asked what the word "accomplice" meant, he replied that it was a "long drink with a plum in it."

Slated for 1909

Here are some things to remember during 1909: Easter Sunday will come April 11. On June 3 there will be a total eclipse of the moon, visible to only part of North America. On June 17 there will be a total eclipse of the sun, and November 2 the moon will have her turn again, the eclipse business ending with a partial eclipse of the sun December 12.—Monroe, Ga., Advertiser.

Hotel Dieu, conducted by the Sisters of Mercy of the Catholic church, is crowded with guests and patients at the present time.

Civil War Reminiscences

The following letters and relics of the stirring times of the civil war will be of interest to many of our readers, and so we have reprinted them from the columns of the Carroll Progress:

"Editor Progress:—Apropos of the latter family reunion and dinner referred to above, the following civil war documents of Capt. B. F. Hailey, first consort of Mrs. H. O. Hubbert of this city will, we trust, not be deemed inappropriate. Our father raised a company in the year 1862, was made its captain and cast his lot and sacrificed his life and property upon the altar of devotion to country, acting upon pure and patriotic impulses, from a noble heart and on a just and worthy cause, viewing it from these standpoints, as he saw his duty. Should any patriot do less? Could any do more?"

Respectfully,
W. J. Hailey.

Berryville, Ark., March 1, 1862.

To Brigadier-Gen. Albert Pike—We, the undersigned citizens in and about Berryville, Carroll county, Ark., would certify that Capt. B. F. Hailey is a worthy gentleman in the strictest sense of the term, a man of true southern sentiment and in every way worthy of the cause in which we are engaged, and we cordially recommend him as such.

Signed: Bradley Bunch, S. N. Karnes, I. J. Thorn, S. J. Owens, W. J. Matlock, I. W. Karnes, J. A. Meek, Wm. W. Jones, A. J. M. Anderson, H. A. Riddels, James Boone, T. W. Hayhurst, Dr. A. A. Baker, Elbert Davidson, Thos. Gardnhire, Thos. Muse, S. S. Matlock, Wm. Hubbard.

Camp Dabs, June 6, 1862.

Mrs. H. O. Hailey—Dear—I again embrace the opportunity of dropping you a line. I received your letter yesterday. I am thankful that you are all well; this leaves me well and hope it will find you and my dear little children enjoying the same God's blessing. Time is passing heavily to me at present, owing to us lying in camps and doing nothing. We are looking for Gen. McBride to return from Little Rock every day, when I hope we will go into active service. I have nothing interesting to tell you. The boys are all well and getting along finely at present.

My Dear Love—I do not know at present when I can go to see you. If we do not move soon, I shall come. You spoke something about buying lard. If it is good perhaps you would best buy. You should be the best judge, as you know what amount you have on hand, and so exercise your own judgment.

Give my respects to sister Betty Ann and all enquiring friends, if there be any. Dear Love, kiss the children for me. Tell Newton and Allen they must write to me and be good boys. Write! write! So no more, but remaining your loving husband,

B. F. Hailey to H. O. Hailey.

Dear Father—I learned yesterday that T. C. Hindman is Major General of the Western Division, and is at Little Rock with some 16,000 or 17,000 troops and will move to border of this state soon. We hear but little news in camps, and do not know when to believe what we do hear. Pa, I want you to write to me and give all the news. You have the opportunity of hearing more than I do from passengers to and fro. Paper is scarce, and therefore you must excuse me.

B. F. Hailey to his father, W. W. Hailey.

Note: W. W. Hailey, father of Captain Hailey, was at this time visiting his son's family from his home in Middle Tennessee. On account of Lincoln's blockade he was unable to return home, and during this civil fratricidal strife, was murdered in cold blood by Maj. Melton's cavalry from Missouri.

November 12, 1863.

Dear wife and children—I embrace this opportunity to address you. I am

The night has a thousand eyes,
And the day but one;
Yet the light of the bright world dies
With the dying sun.

The mind has a thousand eyes,
And the heart but one;
Yet the light of a whole life dies
When love is done.

—Francis William Bourdillon

well and hope you are all enjoying the same God's blessings. I shall start to the army in the morning. I haven't anything strange to tell you. No doubt you have heard of Marmaduke's raid into Pine Bluff. I think there is no doubt but what our army will be in Little Rock in a week from this time. I wrote a letter to send by James Pointer, though he did not come by according to promise. I have sold my mules: got \$600 for them, and sold the black mare to John Bradshaw for \$300. He owes yet \$223 on her. I leave my wagon and gearing and colts with Mr. Bradshaw, he will take care of them for you. So you can keep them at home in safety. Harriet, you must do the best you can. I may not have the opportunity of corresponding with you again by letter soon. It is unknown to us. You can write to Mr. Bradshaw if anything happens that you need money, and he will help you. So no more at present, but remain your loving husband until death. Write if you have the chance.

B. F. Hailey.

A Townswoman's Troubles

December thirtieth, 1908, is a day to be remembered in the annals of human possibilities.

The sunshine of a glorious morning shed its radiance on the mountains, and its influence over every living creature. After such cloudy, dreary, drizzly days, it was a delight to be out of doors. The sleepy town seemed joyously alive—exhilaration was in every step, the town was full of animation. It was quite evident that something unusual was afoot.

What was it? Up and down the street stood groups of men in earnest conversation, some leaned against the walls and some stood shambling with their hands in their pockets, some sat on the curbstones, and some on dry-goods boxes and spat tobacco juice about profusely. Some with red noses and bloated faces, blood-shot eyes, and portly figure. What was it?

I asked a friend of pleasant mien to tell me what the bother was about? "Oh, don't you know?" he loudly did reply "The women folks have made a move to put the liquor traffic out of town."

"Ah, ha!" says I, and hurried on. I met a mother, one deserted by a drunken husband—a mother with an infant in her arms, and she in tears.

"How now, Marie! What can the matter be with you?" says I.

"Oh dear, oh dear, I signed a paper last week to have the saloons put out of town, and just now a man implored me to save the town from dire distress by signing my name to a paper to have them voted in again. What shall I do? He says I'll lose my job; that we'll starve. I'll lose my job and have no place to live."

"And did you sign it?" I asked.

"Oh no, I could not sign. My hands would wither if I dared. for there is nothing in the grave to fear, like this

monstrous thing that stalks about this blessed country, seeking to devour our fathers and brothers and even threatening the mothers and daughters. Madam, did you sign?"

"No, Marie."

"He said you would, for, he said there would be no business, the town would be dead and we would have no bread, but praise the Lord, there will be plenty of water."

Listen! and a tale to you I will unfold, that would make the angels weep. Such is the gangrene of custom that men yes, men, can live with their consciences so distorted to a sense of the common weal or woe, that they can conscientiously go straight to perdition, and ask us all to go straight along with them.

We, of the opposing party, signed a paper in good faith to destroy the common enemy, and now we are threatened with extermination, or slow death from starvation, if we do not confess our sins and say we are sorry, and sign a petition to please forgive us for our blind ignorance, and take us again in the embrace of the Octopus.

Contributed.

Grand and Petit Jurors

Following are the jury lists for the February term of Circuit Court:

GRAND JURY.

S. Turner	J. H. Carr
J. L. Parker	T. J. Reynolds
R. P. Harrison	A. C. Rude
Thos. Gargis	A. J. Wyrick
S. Higginbottom	A. P. Rhodes
G. A. Mitchell	S. O. Taggart
R. A. Sperry	W. A. Stamps
Wm. McCormick	Jno. Gentry, Jr.

ALTERNATES

G. W. Pinkley	O. A. Fain
J. P. Murphy	D. Powell Jones
Jas. H. Wilson	H. E. Littleton

PETIT.

C. H. Young	S. Beasley
Fred Cooper	S. F. Pyatt
J. H. Lama	F. A. Pearce
J. C. Davenport	Reuben Graves
Buford Gaddy	O. T. Johnson
Allison Bonyer	Frank Holliday
W. M. Robertson	J. H. Kelley
Jno. Tyree	W. P. Gaylor
Otto McCall	Clenny Gentry
E. B. Ladd	Bert Quinn
A. E. Walker	F. M. Gillum
W. A. Hilton	T. G. Walker.

ALTERNATES

T. J. Robertson	Henry McCoslin
H. Skelton	Chas. M. Comer
A. F. Stafford	T. J. Ireland.

Building a New Road

Harrison, Jan. 1.—Col. Squires, the promoter of the proposed railroad, who has been absent for some weeks, is expected to return tomorrow, fully prepared to carry out his plans for the building of the road from Bergman to Harrison, and on to Clarksville. His long absence has caused some of our people to fear he was going to fail on the proposition, but his last reports are very encouraging, and our citizens are feeling more sanguine of the construction of the road.

The Elite Whist Club will meet with Mrs. Hattie Russ on Friday night.

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SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

A Paper Devoted to the Interests of Eureka Springs, Carroll County and the Republican Party

Correspondence Solicited From All Parts of Carroll County

Advertising Rates on Application

CLIO W. MILLER Acting Editor

The City Election

The holidays are over; merry-making and jollity as a business must now give way to more sober and matter-of-fact considerations.

The Commercial Club has been rejuvenated and a campaign of aggressive, persistent advertising for visitors, with a salaried man in charge has been inaugurated. The citizens have rallied gallantly to the support of the club, so that officered and backed as it is with energetic loyal blood, much good and many hundreds of new visitors must result.

The completion of the Missouri and North Arkansas Railway from Kansas City to Helena means much to this city. and if the citizenship rises to the importance of their opportunities, they will easily place Eureka Springs as the most important city, as well as the most valuable asset to the railway, between the two terminals of the road.

This can not be done by following the drifting, careless, motiveless policy of the past. Every property owner should awake to the consciousness that he or she is a stockholder in this city; that Eureka Springs is a great joint stock company of which every property owner is a shareholder. When this is generally realized, the stockholders (men and women) will see the importance of selecting capable, honest and energetic servants to run the business of the city.

It is only 90 days until the voters of Eureka Springs will be called upon to choose new servants to care for its business. It is high time that they begin to think what they want done and who they want to do it.

If Eureka Springs ever reaches the high estate that its earnest advocates wish to see it occupy, there will have to be much unselfish work done and men of ideals, integrity and experience drafted for service.

It means the complete divorcement of saloon influence in city affairs, if Eureka Springs is to thrive, prosper and grow. The paralyzing influence of this business has checked, hampered and impeded the growth of this city for years and only by complete and thorough removal of the liquor influence can we hope to place this city where it rightfully belongs, not only as the possessor of the purest air and water, but the purest morals of any health resort in America.

To accomplish this great end, then, means the most careful selection of servants in every department of the city's work. It means brave, earnest, honest, faithful hearts and willing hands who are willing for a year or two to sacrifice and toil for a higher purpose than we have ever known in civic affairs here. It means the exercise of patience and faith; the setting our faces toward the light of truth; the placing our feet in the narrow path of righteousness. It demands MEN, not things.

In the words of Josiah Gilert Holland, we say,

“God give us men! A time like this demands Strong minds, great hearts, true faith and ready hands. Men whom the lust of office does not kill; Men whom the spoils of office cannot buy; Men who possess opinions and a will; Men who have honor and who will not lie; Men who can stand before a demagogue And scorn his treacherous flatteries without winking; Tall men, sun-crowned, who live above the fog, In public duty and in private thinking.”

At the latest meeting of the stockholders of the Thread Trust in England recently, a report was read commenting on the dullness of trade, and then a dividend of 30 per cent was declared. There are some Americans, who believe there is no such thing as a Trust in free trade England.

The efforts being made by some people to frighten citizens into withdrawing their names from the anti-saloon petition by predicting dire disaster to Eureka Springs and its business interests will fail, as it should. Wherever saloons have been done away with it has invariably resulted in bettering business and has never resulted in the depreciation of values.

Cut it out gentlemen, cut it out. Cut what out? Slush and slop-over. Some of us have real feelings

Plundered Cities

In Pittsburg, as in San Francisco, the grafting operations were laid bare through the efforts of civic associations, in co-operation with the leading business bodies. The rate at which many municipal debts are expanding and the evidences of extravagance and waste have awakened citizens to some extent to the evil elements that are preying upon their substance in some of the cities. Any large American city has been compared to a little republic in numerous respects, because it has a large measure of local rights and duties, and raises and disburses millions annually for purposes within its own corporation lines, and, among other things, awards extremely valuable franchises of a public nature. Statistics show that here is scarcely a city in the United States that is not adding to its bonded debt though official figures prove that the assessed valuation in municipalities is advancing fast. But the debts grow much more rapidly as a rule, and citizens know that the management is defective, and sometimes corrupt.

All the blame is not on the side of faithless officials. If there was juggling in Pittsburg with the interest received, or should have been received, on deposits of public funds, crookedness existed in certain banks as well as among certain councilmen. The flashlight picture showing a detective handing money to councilman who supposed the detective to be a promoter, implies that the system includes men who bribe as well as officials who take the bribes. The Voters' League in Pittsburg whose secretary brought the information leading to the arrests, claims to have prima facie evidence of a corrupt municipal combine that practically controlled the whole legislation of the city. Combines are a notorious fact in many municipal assemblies. They carry on public business in secret corners. Open sessions are merely perfunctory. The jobs are arranged elsewhere by the leaders of the banded majority, whose action is governed by the nod and wink of the combine, not by deliberations in the council chamber. There are no deliberations, except hidden ones, over the details of shady transactions.

In this grave situation affecting many American cities, the civic associations and organized business bodies are beginning to take a more active part in working for honest, enlightened municipal government. The most important part of this movement is to create right sentiment among the mass of voters. If citizens fully understood how much depends on their vigilance in acquainting themselves with public business, which is in truth their own business, the communities in which they live would be greatly benefited and their progress in all directions would be surer and more rapid. Pittsburg and San Francisco are symptomatic. They are not radically different from the other cities of the country, though they may have been less watchful of what goes on in their local official affairs. It is for the entire citizenship in every city to acquaint itself with all the phases of their local executive and legislative action, and to realize at city elections how much depends on a full, thoroughly intelligent vote.

Three-Mile Muddle in Cross County

Down in Cross county the citizens are also having a hot time in asking for the three mile limit for saloons. They have a county judge down there whose spinal column is of the right sort, as is evidenced by the following news clipping:

“The transcript of the records in an important case affecting a three-mile petition, appealed from the Cross County Circuit Court, in which the sale of intoxicants at Winne is the issue, was filed in the Supreme Court Saturday.

“At the recent general election, the vote of Cross county was in favor of ilicense by the largest majority ever cast in that county on the question. Meanwhile a petition was presented to the County Court requesting that the county judge refuse to grant a license to any one for the sale of liquor within three miles of the school house in Wynne, and the prayer of the petitioners was granted by the County Court.

“J. L. Douglas and others immediately filed a petition in the Cross County Circuit Court asking for a writ of certiorari that the case might be transferred to that court and that the proceedings in the County Court be quashed. It was alleged by the plaintiffs that they not only did not sign the petition, but that there were seven names that appeared 113 times on the petition, one 17 times, another 16 times and others more or less frequently. The Cross County Circuit Court declined to grant the petition for the writ of certiorari, and the plaintiffs appealed to the Supreme Court.

“It was stated Saturday that on January 4, when the Supreme Court reconvenes, the appellants would ask that the case be advanced, in order that an early opinion may be had. In the meanwhile, Wynne will continue a dry town, as the county judge will refuse to grant any license for the sale of liquor within the three mile limit.

In the days of Benjamin Franklin the average family of children was six. It is now estimated at a fraction above two to a family. The commencement of this retrogression was about the year 1850 when immigration on a large scale began. This means a loss of population of about seven million each year. Such a tremendous loss is worthy of an investigation into the causes of race suicide, by our government.

“Be good and you'll be lonesome,” said Mark Twain. He had evidently been reading Hot Springs statistics.

The Saloon Doomed

The fight between the saloon and anti-saloon men has resulted in the usual conclusion, that a certain set of the men who want the open saloon, will stop at nothing to gain their end.

This was to be expected, for liquor is symbolical of all that is vile and loathsome in human kind else the larger part of the good and virtuous of all nations would not be against it.

It is unfortunate that some good men and women can be influenced by the sophistries of the liquor adherents to so great a degree as to advocate the cause of the saloon men.

When the saloon men entered politics they sounded the knell of their own doom. The fight against them will be a long hard one, but it is as sure to win as was the fight for American Independence against the domination of the English.

In fact this is a fight for American Independence against the domination of the saloon, and when it is won, as win it will, Independence of the American colonies, and the emancipation of slavery will be as a mole-hill to a mountain, compared to the great step forward in Christian civilization, we will have achieved.

The Greaves' Case

The readers of the Times are familiar with the attempt of the Garland county's Democracy to steal the office of state senator and give it to Judge Sumpter.

After being fairly elected by the people of Garland and Montgomery counties, it was found by throwing out three townships entire, it would give Sumpter a majority. This was done. Suit was brought by Greaves to compel the election judges of these townships to certify to his vote, which was done. Now Gov. Pindall and Secretary of State Ludwig have filed a demurrer to Greaves' mandamus suit. The case is exciting wide-spread interest throughout the state and many Democratic papers are denouncing the outrageous action. It has shocked even those democrats who have grown familiar with ballot box stuffing and election stealing for many years. What can you expect of the rank and file of the party when the Governor and Secretary of State show themselves so lost to all fairness and decency. Such high handed methods will hasten the day when Arkansas will throw off the yoke of Democracy.

For a National Employment Bureau

Mr. Straus, secretary of commerce and labor, has called a council of labor to meet in Washington this month to devise means for organizing a great national labor exchange, that shall be alike free to employer and employee, with branches in all the large cities of the country. The plan is a big one and the employers of labor look upon it with great favor, and are already predicting beneficial results. Mr. Straus, in a statement concerning the coming meeting, tells something of the plans proposed.

“The most serious problem that could be taken up,” said Secretary Straus, “is perhaps that of the unemployed. How to give work to men out of work when there is no work in sight is a serious problem, but by no means an unsolvable one. Suppose we take the case of a tinner in New York, who has just lost his job because work in his particular line has given out. He tramps the streets for several days and finds other tinnners in the same predicament. After he has convinced himself that there is nothing for him to do in the big city, he applies to the bureau of information of the Department of Commerce and Labor, which in the meantime has been perfected and enlarged to the proportions to which we hope to see it grow, and makes his wants known there. The man in charge of the information of workmen wanted takes down his big book and looks over the pages. He finds that one thousand tinnners are wanted in Seattle to work on the buildings of the Alaska and Yukon exposition; that four or five hundred sheet metal workers are needed in Chicago, St. Louis and Denver, and that three thousand men can find employment in the great fruit orchards and vineyards of California, all at first-class wages. ‘I'd like to take a job out in Seattle,’ the tinner says, ‘but how am I to get there?’ ‘We can send you out there for \$12.50, and the fare will be taken out of your first week's wages,’ the man at the bureau tells him. So the thing is done. The workless man goes West and finds his work, and the helpless employer in Seattle finds his help. We hope to be able to make such arrangements with the railroads that reduced rates may be obtained for men who are going after work, and by the establishment of offices in the various big cities of the country the scope of the work may be extended to practically cover the United States. When the wants of the employer and the employee can be made thoroughly known to each other, as soon as their wants occur, a great share of the distress among the laboring classes will disappear.”

Since July 1, when the bureau of information of the Department of Commerce and Labor was established, work for 2,512 men has been found. This record, brought up to December 19, is considered very gratifying when the fact is taken into consideration that the scope of the bureau is still extremely limited and its operations are practically unknown to the great mass of workmen, and only partly understood by the employers.—State Republican.

Big Fire Occurs in Springfield, Missouri

Fire which started from some unknown cause probably from escaping gas in the Criss Pressing room, in the basement of the Baldwin Theater building, at 2.30 o'clock Wednesday completely destroyed the building on St. Louis street, and destroyed the Dr. Nixon building adjoining it on the west, badly damaged the new Colonial Hotel and threatened the building occupied by A. B. Duncan, photographer, as well as the entire block on St. Louis street to Pearl street, west from the Baldwin. The hard work of the firemen from both departments, and the work of many volunteers were vain in all efforts to save the Baldwin and the other building, and the collapse of the east walls of the theater building, across the alleyway from the Colonial raised the hopes of onlookers for the safety of the hotel.

The property damage from the fire was more than \$200,000, with insurance on the building proper, of more than \$60,000. The Baldwin building, valued at \$100,000 as insured for \$50,000. The Dr. Nixon building, valued at \$25,000, a three story building was insured for \$10,000. The Fink Pharmacy was well insured. Messrs. Olendorf, Bell and Ballard, owners and managers of the Baldwin theater company had insurance on the stage property, and Charles Sansone carried \$500 on his restaurant and fruit store, which was destroyed in the Nixon building. His stock was worth about \$3,500. The Baldwin building belonged to H. B. McDaniel, one half interest, and Frank Fellows, Frank Kern, Arch McGregor and Peter McCort, one-half. The building was erected in 1890 by citizens and cost \$109,000. The Nixon building was built in 1888.

City Council Meeting

There was a full attendance of the city council and officers at the first meeting of the month Monday night.

On suggestion of Mr. Dale the Mayor was instructed to employ an attorney for the city when such services were necessary from now until the time of the regular city election in April, when a successor to fill the unexpired term of J. D. DeBois can be selected by popular vote of the electors.

Alderman Willis introduced a motion that the attention of the Board of Health be called to the house on lots 1 and 2, west side of Van Buren street in Peebles addition, which should be condemned.

The mayor was authorized to place the list of those delinquent in water rentals in the hands of an attorney for collection. Superintendent Gordon was also instructed to turn off the water on all properties that are delinquent, and quite a number are being turned off today.

The regular monthly accounts were allowed, and W. J. O'Connor was, on motion of Alderman Johnson, allowed \$100 in ordinary scrip to defray the expense of the calling in and reissue of city warrants.

Survey Route for New Road

Berryville, Jan. 5.—A new railroad is to be built in the southern part of Carroll county. Surveyors are laying off the route and are now camped with President W. R. Felker, of the Arkansas, Oklahoma and Western on Kings River, near Chaplin.

This road is now in operation from Siloam Springs to Rogers. It is rumored that the new line will take in the Monte Ne railroad and that an extension will be made in this direction via Clifty.

It is said that the road may be extended to Little Rock.

The United States, always in the lead of other nations, has, through congress, appropriated \$800,000 for the sufferers of the Italian earthquake, and is sending ships with provisions for relief. This is in addition to the unparalleled generosity of the cities and societies of the nation.

The Memphis Commercial Club is to make a flying trip to the cities of Arkansas and Oklahoma. An effort should be made to have them visit Eureka Springs.

Commissioners to Rule City of Austin, Tex.

Austin, Tex., Dec. 29.—The city of Austin at a popular election today decided to place its municipal affairs in the hands of a commission form of government, by a majority of 599 votes out of 2,160 cast.

This places all city interests, including the debt of a million and a half dollars incurred by the construction of the famous dam, which was washed away six years ago, leaving the city with the debt in charge of four commissioners and mayor.

Her Home and Her Child

Helen Bertram has given up a successful vaudeville career for motherhood and the home.

"Don't let's talk about art," she said, as she prepared for her final appearance. "What's art, compared to the home? I have a home and a daughter. Applause is mine today. Tomorrow it goes to somebody else. But my home and my daughter are mine, indeed, and they are the things worth while in life."

Here is a wise head and a true heart. The woman who has a home and a daughter has her career cut out for her by the Almighty.

She has the true gold, and can well afford to give up the tinsel of the stage.

It must seem fine to a talented woman to be able to sway the feelings of vast audiences with her song. But it must be infinitely finer to her to soothe her own little girl to sleep with a lullaby. Ripples and roars of applause must be sweet. But the lisps of a woman's own child must be sweeter.

True, there is place on the stage and in business and in the professions for women. Hundreds of thousands of them in this country are making good in public life, as teachers, stenographers, nurses, clerks, actresses, doctors and even lawyers. And none would bar or hinder them. They are faithfully performing noble service for humanity.

A few of them have homes and daughters.

The woman who has these and properly cherishes them need have no envy for her more strenuous and seemingly more brilliant sisters.

Hers is the jewel of great price. She may think sometimes that life is dull and dragging. But so do the others far oftener than she. So, alas! do all of us.

But if there is anything that, more than all else, lifts us in this life to true purposes, sets us in tune with the infinite, and gives us fore-taste of heaven, it is that little corner in God's creation we call home.

The woman with a ribboned and scented dog hugged to her heart may imagine she knows love.

The woman in the elegantly appointed hotel may think she knows luxury. The woman in the childless mansion may think she knows happiness.

The woman in her own home, with her own child at her breast, knows all these, and knows them better than all the others do.

The home may be humble, but it is her home.

The child may be a care, but it is her child.

And in all the ages since woman was created for motherhood, woman nature has not changed one whit.

How Holidays will Come

There will not be any more holidays in 1909 than there were in 1903, but they will make some combinations that will affect banks and other institutions that observe legal holidays regularly.

Washington's birthday, February 22, comes on Monday, which will close the banks two days in succession. The Fourth of July comes on Sunday which will be a gain of one to the bankers and probably a loss of money to firecracker sellers. As Labor Day comes on the first Monday in September, by act of Congress, the banks will have two holidays in succession as long as the law effective. Christmas will come on Saturday, which will again result in two legal holidays in succession.

Anger is never without a reason, but seldom with a good one.

Eureka Springs Gets Honorable Mention

The loving cup to be presented to the School Improvement Association in the state which had accomplished the best results during the past year was awarded to the association in charge of the improvement work at the Little Rock High School.

The W. H. Reid High School of this city received honorable mention.

In the essay contests on school improvement the pupils of the Eureka Springs schools gained honors in every department. Cleo Robertson of the High School, Hazel Davenport of the Grammar Grades, Floella Farley of the Intermediate Grades and Pauline Ely of the Primary Grades, all received honorable mention.

While we lost the loving cup, for what was done in the last year, we believe that if what we have done in past years had been considered, the trophy would have been ours. Our pupils will receive diplomas for their excellent essays on School Improvement. No other schools in the state had as many pupils honorably mentioned as did the schools of Eureka Springs. Our sister town, Green Forest, and Forrest City came second with three honorably mentioned. It is but just to say that in the Primary Grades the pupil from Green Forest won the first prize.

President elect Taft is scheduled for a visit to Little Rock shortly after his inauguration in March. Possibly he could be induced to make a trip of the beautiful and picturesque Missouri and North Arkansas route to the greatest resort in this country, Eureka Springs, Arkansas.

Governor Pindall Writes Message

Governor X. O. Pindall Tuesday completed the greater portion of his biennial message to the General Assembly. The message consists of about ten typewritten pages, as far as completed, and deals briefly with important matters that are to be considered by the legislature. It deals with the penitentiary and state capitol problems and suggests a method, in a general way, of remedying some of the tax evils complained of. He also expresses his opinion regarding the law as construed by the Supreme Court in regard to the relationship of the executive department to the state charitable institutions and the charity board.

Governor Pindall calls attention to the defects in the law in regard to the operation of the penitentiary, expressing the opinion that the state farm could be operated so as to be able to support all the convicts, but in order to do this it would be necessary at first to appropriate money out of the general fund for the purpose.

In this connection he calls attention to the increasing demands upon the fund, and suggests as a remedy a change in the system that permits equalization boards to lower assessments at will. He suggests that appeals be had from these boards to the courts even to the court of last resort, if necessary.

He regrets that both the penitentiary and the state capitol have been dragged into politics. The solution of both problems, he says, can be only furnished by the legislature.

Referring to the state charitable institutions, he calls attention to the decision of the Supreme Court which was adverse to the recent changes he made in the membership of the charity board, which practically relieves the executive department of all responsibility for the acts of the board or for its supervision over the management of the charitable institutions. In view of this court decision, he intimates that the legislature must assume the entire responsibility for the operation of the institutions.

Vic Gibson left yesterday for Leslie where he expects to commence service on the Missouri and North Arkansas, between that point and Searcy. He has been working on the western division of the line the last few months.

The man who is continually waiting for something to turn up is generally turned down.

Has Cost Nearly a Million Dollars

Little Rock, Jan. 2.—So far, there has been expended upon the new state capitol \$791,194.93, and warrants which have not been honored have been drawn upon the state treasury for \$20,241.11 in addition, making a total of \$811,436.04 that the bare hulk has cost the state, with the major portion of the work yet to come. These figures are shown by the biennial report of the state capitol commission, filed late yesterday with the state auditor. There has been expended on the building, since January 1, 1907, \$108,249.83. Of this, 1,733.40 went for commissioner's salaries, \$1,888.88 was paid out in architects' fees; \$775 went to the secretary of the board, \$96,454.63 was paid on the contract, \$138.75 was paid for the printing of reports, \$21.85 for stationery, \$2,407.80 for brick, \$113 for extra work by contractors, and \$16 for telephone rent. The following warrants were issued, but not paid by the state auditor after the decision of the attorney that in appropriation had been made for carrying on the work by the legislature of 1907: Due to commissioners as salary, \$192.65; due to secretary as salary, \$100; Caldwell & Drake, \$18,899; incidentals, \$1,633.26. The vouchers which were not paid were drawn between September 10, and December 16, 1907, after which date no vouchers were issued.

From Marianna to M. & N. A.

A new short line road is proposed, whereby the Iron Mountain lines and the Missouri and North Arkansas will be connected. Surveys of the road have been completed, and it is announced that work on the road will begin immediately.

The new line is to be only nine miles in length and will be another step in the railroad development of the eastern part of the state. The survey of the road has been made from Marianna, by way of Wister and Aubrey, and it is stated that contracts for the construction will be let in a few days. The road will run through a fertile part of the state, and by its connections with two good through lines should do a good business. It is understood that several other new roads are in contemplation for this section.

Former Resident Dies in Texas

The sad news was received in this city Sunday of the death of W. A. McHarry for many years a prominent citizen of Eureka Springs. About two years ago he sold out his interests in this city and joined his father and brother in large farming interests at Portland, Texas. His work there proved quite profitable, but his health began to fail, and when he, with his wife and daughter, visited Eureka Springs last summer, it was evident that the change had affected him seriously.

A few months ago, it became evident that he would have to give up his work, and with his family, he moved to San Antonio, not far distant from his interests where he could receive treatment, but this seems to have been unavailing.

Great Mental Improvement

Fort Smith, Jan. 4.—A gentleman in this city has received a letter from one of the officials of the St. Joe Sanitarium of which Governor Little is an inmate, stating that the Governor is approaching convalescence and will in all probability leave the institution a well man.

A few days ago he was visited by a congressman with whom he was familiar when in the lower house, and the couple talked together for more than an hour, during which time Governor Little asked about the various members of the senate and house with whom he was so long associated, and his questions indicated a marked improvement in his mental condition. He talked freely of his political life and of his unfortunate condition. There was nothing in his speech or action that would lead the casual observer to think there was anything wrong with his mind.

Eastern Star Mask Social Largely Attended

New Year's eve has long ago been recognized as Eastern Star night, since it has been the order's custom for many years to give a mask social at that season, which is prolonged into a watch party.

That interest and pleasure in old things has not waned, was shown in the fact that 175 persons attended the annual mask social Thursday. It is reported one of the prettiest and most successful affairs ever given in this city. Never has there been so many elegant costumes at a like affair.

Mrs. Charley Branham, as "Queen of Hearts," was awarded the handsome parlor lamp provided as first prize to the maskers.

"The Tramp" usually carries off something when he calls upon good, kind folks. So Doris Dougherty, as a Weary Willie, took the second prize.

Willie Watkins was awarded the children's prize.

The costume worn by Mrs. C. M. Barnes was the recipient of especial praise. It represented Jack Frost, and the amount of work entailed in its preparation was especially noteworthy.

Recitations and readings were given by R. D. Hudson, Miss Ethel Newton, Mrs. Mary Linzee and Gertrude Rosser.

There were duets by little Olga Ely and Wilson Riley, and by Pauline and Olga Ely.

Prof. J. M. Baldwin favored the auditors with a masterful piano solo.

The Eastern Star march, by a bevy of prettily costumed children, who in their drill formed the O. E. S. of the order, was especially fine, and elicited a great deal of applause. Prof. J. H. Coffey furnished the music for this march.

The Eastern Star perpetual, by eight members of the order, was an impressive number of the program and greatly enjoyed, even though jovial Clio Miller did lose his cue for a time. Any of the hundreds of citizens who daily joke him through the general delivery window at the postoffice would never believe that he could be as frightened as he evidently was last night.

Stage for Home

New York, Jan. 1.—Wanted to Trade Fame for a fireside. A career for carresses. Illustrious name, for a loving man. Cheers, for children.

Sounds like a strange bargain for these days.

Yet Mary Anderson, the great American actress, who made such an exchange fourteen years ago, declares she got the best of the trade.

"I only depicted love on the stage," she said. "I never could feel it there. It wasn't real. I wanted it real. I am very glad that I gave up the stage for a home."

My emotions now are real ones and my life is so happy in my home, with my husband and my two children, that I cannot describe it.

"It isn't best for girls to go on the stage. Only the most talented ones have a life that is at all bearable. For the others it is all work and trouble."

Feasted the Band Boys

The members of the Woodmen of the World Band that generous musical organization which has added so much to the pleasure of the town since its organization, are prolific in their praise of Manager and Mrs. J. T. Waddill, of the Thach Cottage, who tendered them a delightful entertainment on New Year's night. It was an expression of appreciation of their efforts that greatly pleased the boys, and in part remunerated them for all their efforts. The W. O. W. band boys are ever ready to respond to calls for the benefit of the city, and so far in their existence, it has been nothing but expense for them. At the present time, they are keeping their splendid original leader here at an expense to keep in training and improve. Walter Brown gave them their start, and the boys are loyal to him and delighted to secure his services again after an absence of several months.

LOCAL NEWS

Girls and boys from 6 to 14 years of age will be admitted to the lower classes at Crescent college.

F. N. Claffin came home last Wednesday from Brownsville, Tex., where he spent the past few weeks.

Music of all kinds, voice lessons, Elocution, Art, Stenography, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Commercial Law will be taught at Crescent College. See Prof. Maddox.

Glen Bailey killed a black squirrel while out hunting Tuesday. This is the second of its kind reported this season, Miss Ida Loftis bringing down the other a couple of months ago.

The stretch of pavement from the Basin Spring to the Commercial Bank building has been completed, and is one of the best in Eureka Springs, while in past years it has been one of the worst eye-sores in Eureka Springs.

Mr. James James, of Springfield, Mo., is in Eureka Springs, coming to interview Sam Leath regarding some fine horses the latter had in training last season. Mr. James has in view the purchase of some of this fine-blooded stock, and came here to investigate.

Public sentiment in Berryville is strongly for prohibition, as an evidence of which the temperance advocates who went from Eureka Springs in the furtherance of the petition against saloons here are being entertained in the homes of citizens with an assurance of welcome as long as they desire to remain.

Emiel Seidel is the recipient of a pretty gold signet ring, the gift of Mrs. B. C. Beagley, of Kingman, Kas., who was a visitor in the city last year, and admired his musical skill. This is the second present Master Emiel has received from this lady, and the gift is greatly appreciated.

Oscar Johnson has had the front of his business house on Main street painted, and will soon put in a stock of groceries. S. L. Field has used the building as a ware room, but will move his goods out the first of next week. Mr. Johnson tried the grocery business once before, but quit it to take charge of the depot lunch room, which interest he recently sold, and decided to invest again in groceries.

Miss Bess Willis is now at Kentwood, La., visiting her sister, Mrs. Pat Moody, having just left Clinton, Miss., where she had a delightful time while with her sister, Mrs. W. A. McComb. Clinton being an old college town, has splendid social advantages, and Miss Bess was feted and dined continuously during her stay.

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Sheehan and two children and Miss Lillie Malcolm leave on the early morning train Thursday for Texline, Tex., the home of the Sheehan family. Miss Lillie has been closely confined to business for a long while, and deserves the month's visit she contemplates. The trip is a most interesting one, taking one through many Western points of interest.

The docket for the January term of Chancery Court is startling evidence of domestic infelicity. It consists of fifty-two cases, twenty-six of these being equity, one foreclosure one confirmation of title, and the other twenty-four being applications for divorce. A large portion of the equity cases are those that have been continued from term to term pending final adjustment.

Jack Whitehead gave a party on Saturday evening to a number of young friends, as a final social gathering before the opening of school after the holiday vacation. Vaughn street, on which the Whitehead home is located, is a wide, well-kept street, sufficiently removed from the busy thoroughfares and driveways to make it a desirable evening playground, and the young people on this occasion made free use of it, enjoying outdoor games until a late hour. Nice refreshments were served during the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Turner are at home from a happy visit in Joplin with their son, Paul.

Mrs. J. B. Pinkley, who resides out at Oak Hill died last Saturday, and the funeral took place yesterday.

Joe Hemp, Jr., who has been brought to the hospital from St. Louis by his family for treatment, is improving nicely.

Marriage license was issued Tuesday from the circuit clerk's office to B. Van Smith and Marble Cope, both of Busch, Ark.

Mrs. J. W. True received from the First National Bank the sum of \$7,875 life insurance held by her lamented son, Wm. True.

Miss Charles, sister of our popular young dentist, and niece of Mrs. J. H. DeLano, is a guest at the home of the latter. She has come to enter Crescent College.

Mrs. W. M. Hurst whose home is in Kansas City, returned to our city last week from an extended visit at Colorado Springs. Mrs. Hurst is a guest at the Sisters of Mercy's Hospital.

A coach load of young ladies from Berryville, Green Forest, Batavia and Harrison, passed through Eureka Springs Sunday, en route to Fayetteville, to re-enter the State University after the holiday vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sayles are at home after a visit of one month in St. Louis. The weather in New York was so strenuous and Mrs. Sayles' health so poor that they concluded not to continue their trip further toward their former home.

Superintendent of Water Works Gordon finds himself burdened with many duties at the beginning of the new year. With the opening of a new set of books and the establishment of meter rates, considerable night work is necessary.

Mrs. M. C. Barber is at home again from Emporia, Kan., where she was called to the bedside of a sick brother two weeks ago. She reports the brother greatly improved, and that some of her relatives will probably join her and take up their abode in this city.

The Blue Spring Inn and farm have been leased for a period of years to Mr. J. A. Hiller, formerly of Monett. The lessees we understand, will add some new features to the entertainment provided visitors at this popular resort.

Many friends remember Edyth Milhone, a beautiful, dainty girl who brightened the social circles of Eureka Springs ten years ago, and who later became Mrs. Whitmore, of Los Angeles, Cal. These friends will be pained to learn of the serious illness of Mrs. Whitmore. Recent letters from California state that she has been in the hospital for some time, and an operation was only being postponed until sufficient strength should have been gained to make such a step safe. A handsome residence had just been built for Mrs. Whitmore, but ere it was completed the affliction came and it is feared she will never be able to cross the threshold of the home she had planned.

Mr. N. M. McCord, one of the pioneers of Eureka Springs, an old gentleman nearly eighty years of age, was found dead in his bed Saturday evening, at his home on East Mountain. He had taken off his shoes, and laid down, and to all appearances had peacefully passed away. Chief of Police Pike and Dr. Henry Pace were called, and there was every evidence of a natural death, and at the time he had apparently been dead three or four hours, so the officials deemed the empanelling of a coroner's jury unnecessary. He was the father of six children, five of whom are living: H. A. McCord, of Tennessee; W. A. McCord, of Oklahoma; A. L. McCord, of Texas; Mrs. L. C. Ramsey, of Texas, and Nannie Walters, of Texas. W. A. McCord was reached by telegram at Corpus Christi and arrived on the noon train today. The funeral, which is under the direction of the Blocksom-Newton Undertaking Company, will probably take place Wednesday, giving all the sons time to arrive from their various homes.

There will be a baptizing out at the river next Sunday, eighteen converts of the Shiloh Mission on Main street, having made application to enter the Baptist church.

Cards have been received in this city from Mr. and Mrs. R. H. James, of Hot Springs, former residents of this city, announcing the marriage of their daughter, Estelle Vincent, to Mr. John Calvert Trunawait, Thursday, January 7th, at Hot Springs. The young people will be at home in Dallas, Tex., after January 15th.

Representative and Mrs. Rolla S. Granger leave the latter part of this week for Little Rock, where Mr. Granger will commence his duties as a member of the law making assembly of Arkansas. Eureka Springs and Carroll county are certain of a good representation in that body of which Mr. Granger is one of a very few Republican members.

A most enjoyable tally-ho party to Sanitarium Lake and Grand View was given by Miss Victoria Lough on Monday afternoon, in honor of her guest, Miss Jessie Smith, of St. Joe, Mo. The participants were: Miss Jessie Smith, St. Joe, Mo.; Mrs. Bland and son, Jacksonville, Ill.; Mrs. R. H. Eddy and daughter, Miss Anna, Calloway, Neb.; Miss Eula Harris, Olathe, Kans.; Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Carney, Neb.; Mrs. Arnold, Jacksonville, Ill.; Mrs. Lillie Hinton, Miss Mary Riley, Mrs. C. B. Robinson, Mrs. Baldrige, Mr. Champion Ferguson.

Clarence S. Fitch, well-known in this city, died Tuesday morning at 7:30 o'clock at the home of his father-in-law, E. R. Ray, near the Sweet spring. Mr. Fitch was born at Eagleville, Harrison county, Missouri, January 22nd, 1860. He was a son of Col. Horace and Emma Fitch. He first came to Eureka Springs in 1881, and was for a number of years interested with his father in conducting a book store on the site now occupied by the Central block. On April 3d, 1884, in this city, he was married to Miss Ella Ray, who survives him. He leaves two sons and one daughter, Ray, Ervin Rawls and Ava Magruda. Ray is at present in Mattoon, Ill., and Ervin in Oklahoma City, Okla. Mr. Fitch was a member of Tampa Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Tampa, Fla., where he resided for a number of years.

New Church Organized

The Main street Shiloh Mission is in one sense a thing of the past, and in its stead there is a regularly organized body, to be known as Shiloh Baptist Church. The two Baptist churches are in perfect harmony and unison of purpose, and the new organization was made because of the special needs of that section of Eureka Springs and because it was thought by those who have labored with the mission that greater good may be accomplished in this way. At the last business meeting of Calvary church, letters were granted those members desiring to center their efforts on Main street, and a committee appointed to assist in the organization, which work was accomplished Sunday afternoon.

There has been a series of protracted meetings held at the Mission, services being conducted by Rev. C. H. Young. Great interest has been manifested and many souls have been saved, and as a result of these meetings the church was organized. At the evening service six were received into the new church by letter and sixteen for baptism. Services will continue except Wednesday night.

Were Married Last Saturday

Mr. C. E. Smith and Miss Anna Graham were married at the home of the groom's mother, Mrs. P. W. Smith No. 11 Singleton street, in this city last Saturday afternoon, Rev. G. W. Comer, of the First Presbyterian church, performing the ceremony.

The bride is the sister of Mr. H. W. Graham, the Western Union manager of this city, and her home has practically been in this city for about two years. The groom has been a frequent visitor in Eureka Springs during the years that his mother and brothers have resided here, and it was here that the ties that resulted in the union of Saturday were formed.

It's a Mighty Big Help



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C. H. YOUNG

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The Right Kind of Philosophy

The current issue of Collier's Weekly, contains a poem by Bliss Carman, one stanza of which is worth several times the "price of admission." As a sermon of high, hopeful and helpful philosophy with which to begin the New Year, could anything be better than the following:

"Whoever wakens on a day
Happy to know and be,
To enjoy the air, to love his kind,
To labor, to be free—
Already his enraptured soul
Lives in eternity."

Happy the man or woman who greets the dawning of the days with a soul sweetened and made strong by a belief so brave and bracing!

First Scholar—What's the 'lectrician doin' over at the schoolhouse?

Second Scholar—Puttin' in a 'lectric switch.

First Scholar—Gee mully! If they's goin' ter do the lickin' by 'lectricity I quit."—Judge.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Harrison, Ark.
December 21, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that J. Ing W. Holensworth, of Eureka Springs, Ark., who, on November 27, 1908, made H. E. 31014 serial, No. 0 1530 for W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, and W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 20, Township 21 N, Range 25 W, 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before John B. Pendergrass, United States Commissioner, at his office in Eureka Springs, Arkansas, on the 26th day of January, 1909.
Claimant names as witnesses: Albert E. Walker, of Oak Hill, Ark.; Eugene L. F. Wickham, of Eureka Springs, Ark.; William O. Stidham, of Golden, Mo.; James H. Holensworth of Eureka Springs, Ark.
John I. Worthington, Register.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office at Harrison, Ark.
Nov. 14, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that John D. Moore, of Eureka Springs, Ark., who on November 9, 1903, made H. E. No. 30912 serial, No. 0 1136, for N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, and NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 18 Township 19 N, Range 26 W, 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Jno. B. Pendergrass, United States Commissioner, at his office in Eureka Springs, Ark., on the 7th day of January, 1909.
Claimant names as witnesses: Rufus Johnson, R. F. Pryor, R. J. Conway, Thomas L. Crews, all of Eureka Springs, Ark.
John I. Worthington, Register.

California Irrigated Farms

OUR BIG DITCH

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Our special offer to close out the Boggs track at \$1.50 per acre per month, including taxes and interest, on our best \$100 land. Join our excursions Saturday afternoon. Write for booklets.

C. M. WOOSTER CO.
702 Market St.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Harrison, Ark., Nov. 5 1908.
Notice is hereby given that John A. Todd, of Clifty, Ark., who, on Feb. 3, 1902, made H. E. No. 28876 serial, No. 01042, for S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, sec 19 and N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 30, Township 18 N, Range 26 W, 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Jno. B. Pendergrass U. S. Com'r at his office in Eureka Springs, Ark., on the 15th day of Dec. 1908.
Claimant names as witnesses: J. M. Calico, G. W. Bohanan, A. Bohanan and W. Todd all of Clifty, Ark.

JOHN I. WORTHINGTON,
Register.

Warning Order

Carroll Chancery Court,
Western District

Lum S. Harper, Plaintiff,
vs.

M. B. Harper, Defendant.

The defendant, M. B. Harper, is warned to appear in this court within thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Lum S. Harper. Witness my hand and seal as clerk of said court this 4th day of November, 1908.

A. J. RUSSELL, Clerk,
By F. S. Baker, Deputy.

Z. P. Freeman

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